## EXPERIMENT 6. Product-of- Sums Realization

Equipment and parts required:
1 Hex Inverter (7404)
1 Triple 3-input AND (7411)
1 Quad 2-input OR (7432)
1 Power Supply
1 Digital Voltmeter
1 Function Generator
1 Digital Oscilloscope

## 1. Find data sheet and specifications

Find I/O pin numbers and specifications of all ICs from data sheet downloaded from the web (ECE labs)

Pin numbers: Vcc, ground, input and outputs of all gates.
Absolute maximum voltages: Vcc and voltages at input pins.
Normal operating voltages: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$
2. Find the product-of-sum canonical expression

Write the product-of-sum canonical expression for the system defined by the following truth table

| $X$ | Y | f |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |

## 3. Wire a circuit

Wire a circuit for the Boolean expression derived in Step 2 on a breadboard.

## 4. Connect power supply

Adjust the power supply at 5 Volts and set the current limit to maximum. Then connect the power supply to Vcc and Gnd bus. Do not connect the power to the integrated circuit at this time.

## 5. Measure input and output characteristics

Connect the output of the circuit to a digital voltmeter, and measure the output voltage for different input voltages. Before the measurement, connect Gnd and Vcc pins to the power buses of the breadboard.

| Input 1 | Input 2 | Output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 Volts | 0 Volts |  |
| 0 Volts | 5 Volts |  |
| 5 Volts | 0 Volts |  |
| 5 Volts | 5 Volts |  |

## 6. Minimize the circuit

Minimize the product-of-sum expression obtained in Step 2, and implement the minimized circuit. Confirm if the minimum circuit is equivalent to the circuit implemented in step 2.

