## "All Reality is socially constructed."

How do we construct meaning out of this socially constructed reality? Prof. C.D. Martin

## Social Science Research QUANTITATIVE PARADIGM QUALITATIVE PARADIGM

experiment-based hypothesis confirming theory proving legalistic, static positivistic explain, predict deductive

naturalistic hypothesis generating theory building chaotic, dynamic holistic describe, understand

inductive

**Quantitative**: Establish theoretical framework

specific area to study - snapshot, results at a given instant in time hypothesis to be proved

develop experimental method - design, samples, lab or field-based

design data collection instruments surveys, tests, measurements

gather data- know what we are trying to prove ahead of time analyze data - use of statistical methods

descriptive statistics

one variable

central tendency - mean, median, mode variation- standard deviation

distribution - frequency charts, percentiles

two variable (independent, dependent)

bivariate distribution tables

scatter chart

regression analysis - correlation

Inferential statistics

causality predictions

present findings - prove or disprove hypothesis

strengths - generalisability(external validity), replication(reliability) weaknesses - asking wrong questions (internal validity), narrow results

**Qualitative Research:** Establish investigation framework to produce grounded theory "All quantitative research is equivalent to the power of a three-neuron brain (Levin)"

specific area to study-process and sequence

hypothesis to emerge from data - interpretation of meaning

develop inductive method - naturalistic, field-based, case study

design data collection techniques

interviews, surveys, observations, historical documents, focus groups gather data- may refine as we go along

analyze data

descriptive statistics for demographic data

content analysis

protocol analysis

present findings - major themes emerge, new grounded theory

strengths - broader understanding of social contexts, high internal validity, new theory weaknesses - "subjective", too anecdotal, not generalisable(external validity), lacks reliability